

NONE TOO SOON FOR THE BRITISH

Has Come the News of Improved Outlook in South Africa.

10,000 MORE TROOPS TO GO.

Reported From German Source That the Boers Were Captured by the Boers.

LONDON, Nov. 28, 4:30 a. m.—A fresh interruption in the east African cable service at this interesting moment has caused a cessation of war news. As yet the war office has not received Lord Methuen's detailed list of casualties, nor is any information at hand regarding the whereabouts of the Ninth lancers, who were sent in pursuit of the Boers from Gras Pan.

The Daily Mail says that a private telegram announces that the lancers are still scouting ahead of Methuen's advancing column, but as he announced yesterday that he was giving his men a day's rest this is hardly possible.

Indeed, the greatest anxiety is felt, and more especially in view of the fact that a Berlin Journal, the Deutsche Wart, which prints Boers communications, announced yesterday before it could have been ascertained from British sources, that the naval brigade lost 100 men at Gras Pan and that the Ninth lancers were captured.

It is understood that the government yesterday decided to proceed immediately with the mobilization and embarkation of a sixth division of 10,000 men, under a well known lieutenant general.

General Hildyard's achievement at Beaton Hill is beginning to be recognized as one of the best things the campaign has yet shown, as it has relieved the tension of the situation in Natal and has brought the relief of Ladysmith within measurable distance.

General Buller appears to be confident of Lord Methuen's ability and is devoting all his energy to Ladysmith.

An attempt will be made, presumably to reach Colenso in time to cut off the retreat of the Boers from Weenen over the Tugela river. It is feared, however, that the enemy will get there first and destroy the bridge. At Freere bridge the British found two massive spans utterly wrecked by dynamite, one piece weighing 24 pounds having been hurled 500 yards.

Sir Alfred Milner has warned the various relief committees in Cape Town to be prepared for the arrival of 10,000 refugees from Kimberley as soon as the siege has been raised.

According to a dispatch from De Aar dated Sunday, the Boers had destroyed the bridge at Steynsburg the previous day and were being reinforced at that point.

CROKER INTERVIEWED.

Says Bryan Will be the Next Democratic Presidential Standard Bearer. Fight Will be Made Against Trusts and Imperialism.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Richard Croker, who is to sail for Europe to-morrow, was interviewed at the Democratic club to-day. He said: "I want to say before my departure for Europe that William J. Bryan will be the standard bearer of the Democratic party in the next national campaign. The fight will be made against trusts, imperialism and Mr. Bryan is the only man to lead such a fight. Tammany Hall will give him its heartiest support, you may rest assured of that. No running mate for Mr. Bryan has been selected yet. Several names have been under consideration, but no decision has been arrived at."

THE KENTUCKY SITUATION

Is Approaching a Crisis—May Call on Federal Aid.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 27.—Senator Deboe left for Washington to-night and after his departure a story emanating from Republican circles was put abroad that in the event Goebel is given a certificate of election next Saturday by the throwing out of the vote of Jefferson, Knox and Johnson counties, Senator Deboe, Senator Lindsay, Governor Bradley, General Taylor and other Republican leaders will unite in an appeal to President McKinley to declare martial law in Kentucky, recognizing Taylor as governor and supporting the administration.

Sensor Deboe stated to the Associated Press that he felt confident no emergency would arise requiring the assistance of the Federal authorities, but intimated he had assurance that Federal aid could be had if it became necessary.

There was no change in the situation here to-day on either side. The expected move of Goebel leaders to take the gubernatorial controversy into the courts prior to its handling by the state election board has not materialized so far, and many believe it has been abandoned.

Big Suit Against State Senator Flinn.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 27.—The trial of the suit in trespass, for \$200,000 damages, brought by the city of Pittsburgh against State Senator William Flinn, ex-City Attorney W. C. Moreland, ex-Assistant City Attorney W. H. House, J. J. Booth and Booth & Flinn, was called before Judge J. W. F. White, president judge of the common pleas court No. 2, to-day. The suit is based on the alleged action of ex-Assistant City Attorney House in loaning city money to Senator Flinn, and resulted from the recent discovery of the existence of cancelled checks made payable to Flinn and indorsed to the order of Flinn. All of those interested in the case were present, including W. H. House, who came from the penitentiary, accompanied by Warden Wright. The greater part of the morning sitting was devoted to examination of papers presented by both sides.

THE NERVOUS FRIENDS

Of Judge Randolph, Convicted of Murder in the United States of Colombia, Charge Minister Hart and His Predecessor, ex-Minister McKinney, of Maine, with Dereliction of Duty.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—J. Edward Buckley, former acting consul general for the United States, in Colombia, has sent a circular to each member of the coming house of representatives, and to the senators, in which he prefers charges against the Hon. Charles Burdett Hart, United States minister, at Bogota, and against his predecessor, the Hon. Luther F. McKinney, of Maine.

It is understood that Buckley also demands the intercession of the United States to secure the immediate pardon of Judge Randolph, of Alabama, now under sentence of death in Colombia, for murder. He asks the recall of Minister Hart, and also that he and former minister McKinney, and one Jacob Sieder, be forever prohibited from holding any federal office of trust in the future.

No other demand made by Buckley is that the Hon. Thomas W. Cridler, third assistant secretary of state, be removed from office. It is understood that similar charges against the officials named were filed at the state department. They are based upon alleged dereliction in connection with the Randolph case, and it is said no attention was paid to the matter there, hence the appeal to Congress.

The statement is made also that after the conviction of Judge Randolph the case against him was re-opened for another hearing at the request of this government, but any mitigation of the penalty, if granted, will be merely through courtesy, since the evidence against the defendant is said to have been very strong.

No apprehension is felt upon the part of the friends of either of the accused officers. They say it is well-known that should the case ever reach a hearing before the state department or elsewhere, the facts will show them to have been entirely blameless.

Judge Randolph has a warm friend in the late secretary of the navy, Hon. Hilary A. Herbert, and it was through his active intercession that the matter was taken up through the state department, though it is declared that the representatives of this government at Bogota, under the present and past administrations, did all they consistently could in behalf of the convicted man.

The disclosure of the charges created no sensation whatever.

Suit on an Old Claim.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLES TOWN, W. Va., Nov. 27.—In the circuit court to-day the case of Henry Wick & Co. vs. Harman's executor, was argued and submitted. The suit was brought several years ago by Wick & Co., who are barbers in Cleveland, O., to recover a disputed claim against Harman's estate for about \$5,000. The parties are seeking to recover the amount against a valuable farm known as "Claymont," of which Mr. Harman at one time was the owner, but which has since changed hands several times.

Mrs. D. W. Ramsey died on Sunday, of typhoid fever, aged about thirty years. The deceased is survived by a husband and several children.

Exciting Election at Mingo Junction.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STUEBENVILLE, O., Nov. 27.—Mingo Junction had an exciting special election to-day on two propositions, each looking toward expending \$5,000 in purchasing a site for school purposes. Both propositions were defeated, the first being, yes 62, no 227; the second, yes 61, no 211.

BIG PLANT

To be Erected Above McKeesport by Carnegie, Morgan and Others.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 27.—An immense plant, to cost eventually over \$1,000,000, backed by Andrew Carnegie, J. Pierpont Morgan and other capitalists, will shortly be erected on the Monongahela river, sixteen miles above McKeesport, at a point near Monessen. The new concern will manufacture on a large scale grate bars, furnace doors, fire boxes and other attachments connected with the production of steam in big mills and on locomotives. The enterprise is the outgrowth of the wonderful boom in the erection of iron and steel mills throughout the United States, and the current demand for these productions.

A site for the plant, comprising a tract of forty acres, has already been purchased, and the transfer is only waiting upon an examination of the title by Attorney D. T. Watson, representing the stockholders in the new company. As soon as the transfer has been completed, all the details of the organization will be made public.

Plot to Assassinate the Sultan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 27.—A number of arrests of Musselmans have been made, including a general of division and several important officials, charged with being engaged in a plot to assassinate the sultan.

The accused, who have been seized upon the occasion of the Selamite festival. Four bombs have been seized. The accused, who have been seized upon the occasion of the Selamite festival. Four bombs have been seized. The accused, who have been seized upon the occasion of the Selamite festival. Four bombs have been seized.

Verdict of Justifiable Homicide.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 27.—The coroner's jury this afternoon returned a verdict of justifiable homicide in the case of Attorney James T. Roberts, the lawyer charged with the murder of Prof. R. A. Simpson, the dramatic agent, who was killed Friday afternoon.

At the inquest Mrs. Roberts testified that Simpson, who had insulted her. Mr. Simpson, who had insulted her. Mr. Simpson, who had insulted her. Mr. Simpson, who had insulted her. Mr. Simpson, who had insulted her.

ACTIVE OPERATIONS ABOUT MANILA.

General Otis Cables That the Insurgents Have Fled to the Mountains.

AGUINALDO ON THE RUN.

Insurgent Force Disintegrating and Troops Returning to Their Homes—Some Want Arms.

MANILA, Nov. 27, 11:30 a. m.—The insurgents have evacuated Mangalaren, Province of Pangasinan, leaving seven American and ninety-four Spanish prisoners, who escaped in the confusion in the Philippine retreat. The Americans are P. J. Green and George Powers of the battleship Oregon; Thomas Edwards and Charles Bird, of the Sixteenth infantry; Henry W. James, of the Twelfth infantry; John Desmond, of the signal corps, and F. H. Huber, of Lowe's scouts. They report that two Americans who were unable to escape are with the insurgents. They are David Scott, of the Twenty-fourth infantry, and William Sherby, of the hospital corps. Four deserters are with the Filipinos—Howard, Martin and Ford, of the Californians, and Watts, whose former regiment is unknown. Howard is the only one serving with the insurgents. He is a captain of artillery.

Colonel Bell, of the Thirty-fourth Volunteers, arrived at Magalaren last evening after a hard march and fording the Agno. He found that Fowler's company of the Thirty-third, had occupied the town for two days. The insurgents, General Alejandrino commanding, retreated to the mountains behind the town short of food and ammunition. Besides this, his men were deserting and six cannon which the insurgents were dragging impeded their march. Colonel Bell proposes to follow the Filipinos until he can bring about a decisive fight or they are scattered. Manalarin was strongly fortified with rifle pits commanding the roads, but the insurgents abandoned the place without firing a shot.

GENERAL OTIS CABLES

That General Young is Still in Pursuit of Aguinaldo—Wheaton Makes More Captures—Natives Want to Murder Aguinaldo's Son.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—General Otis to-day reports the situation in the Philippines in the following dispatch to the war department:

"MANILA, Nov. 27.—The steamer from San Fabian yesterday brought one hundred and fifteen Spanish prisoners, seventy-five thousand dollars of insurgent money and other property captured by Lawton's troops near Tayug, on the 25th. Wheaton's troops, Fowler's company of the Thirty-third, drove the enemy westward from Mangalaren, a few miles southwest of Dagupan, and captured five three-inch muzzle loading guns, twelve rifles and twelve thousand rounds Maxim cartridges, one thousand shrapnel, eight hundred pounds of powder and other property; also, ninety-four Spanish and seven American prisoners. Bell, with Thirty-sixth infantry, is in pursuit, and will march down the western Luzon coast. Indications are that two or three bodies of insurgent troops, numbering probably five hundred or more men each, in mountains, west of the railroad, can be readily handled by MacArthur; they have the bulk of the insurgent artillery, all of which will be captured unless buried. Young is still in pursuit of Aguinaldo, who is heading for Bangue, a few miles east of Vigan; Young, with cavalry and scouts, is followed by a battalion of the Thirty-third and by the balance of a battalion of the Twenty-second; two battalions of the Thirty-third are en route for Vigan by the military post road. Young's reception by the inhabitants was enthusiastic; they give all aid possible. Aguinaldo has collected more than one thousand of his troops at the north; probably most of them will desert him. Numbers of small detachments of insurgent troops throughout the country north of Manila have been captured, and the inhabitants manifest gratitude for deliverance.

The indications are that the insurgent force south of Manila is disintegrating, and troops going to their homes. Reports from southern islands are favorable; Zamboanga insurgents have surrendered to our troops, and no trouble is anticipated there. Later in the day the following dispatch was received from General Otis: "The Oregon landed marines at Vigan yesterday. Young's column at Nalnegpacan, twenty miles north of San Fernando, on the 23rd, from which point they passed north into the mountains. Troops will relieve the marines at Vigan on the 29th. The bulk of the Spanish and American prisoners reported at Bangue, twenty miles east of Vigan. Wheaton, at San Fabian, just reports capture of seventy-three more rifles and eleven hundred dollars in money; also, that he has been obliged to take the mother and son of Aguinaldo under guard at Fabian, to prevent their murder by the natives. They will be sent here the first opportunity and delivered to friends. Natives in the vicinity of Bayombong, Nueva Viscaya, are offering their services to drive out the insurgents and request arms. They report only four hundred insurgents there.

A report from Zamboanga says the insurgents surrendered heavy artillery to the navy, and since have surrendered to Nichols, commanding a battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, one hundred and seventy-nine rifles, one Nordenfeldt and four breech loading cannon. Order restored in town and vicinity. About eighty Tagalos are scattered in the mountains. U. S. Bonds Sold.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—United States bonds to the amount of \$172,950 were redeemed at the sub-treasury to-day. The aggregate, including to-day, is \$655,800.

CHANGE IN REPRESENTATION

In National Republican Conventions Proposed by Hon. Henry C. Payne. West Virginia Would Gain Two Delegates Under This Plan.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 27.—Henry C. Payne, the Wisconsin member, will present at the meeting of the National Republican committee in Washington, December 12, a resolution recommending a change in the basis of representation in future Republican national conventions. The resolution follows: "Whereas, the present basis of representation in national convention is unjust and unequal, and believing that this injustice should be remedied, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Republican national committee recommend to the next national convention that a new basis of representation be established as follows: Each state to be entitled to four delegates at large, and one additional delegate for each ten thousand votes, or majority fraction thereof, cast at the last preceding presidential election for Republican electors, and four delegates from each organized territory and the District of Columbia; and, be it further

Resolved, That in allotting delegates to these states as provided, aside from delegates at large, they shall be divided as near as practicable among the several congressional districts of the United States, the basis should be the same, and where it is necessary to unite one or more congressional districts for the purpose of carrying out this resolution, contiguous districts may be united."

The other decreases would be: Colorado, one; Idaho, one; Montana, one; Nebraska, nine; Nevada, one; North Carolina, two; Tennessee, five; Texas, five; Utah, one; Virginia, six; Wyoming, one.

The increases would be: California, 1; Connecticut, 3; Illinois, 17; Indiana, 6; Iowa, 7; Maryland, 2; Massachusetts, 5; Michigan, 5; Minnesota, 5; New York, 14; North Dakota, 1; Ohio, 11; Oregon, 1; Pennsylvania, 13; Vermont, 1; West Virginia, 2, and Wisconsin, 7. The representation of the other states would remain as now. The total number of delegates would be 894, as at present.

SUCCESSFUL

Wireless Telegraphy Tests at Chicago—The Signals Carried Through Steel Vaults and Thick Walls.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Prof. W. S. Johnson and C. L. Fortier, of Milwaukee, to-day made a successful test in this city of the wireless telegraph. They succeeded in telegraphing without wires, through a suite of seven rooms with all doors closed and through seven walls.

Another test was made when the signals were conveyed through three fire-proof vaults and an ordinary telegraph switchboard, in which thirty wires were connected up, and about four feet of wire were located.

Notwithstanding the fact that this switchboard contained live wires, the current passed through all of the vaults and through this board. This is one of the most severe tests that has ever been given wireless telegraphy.

A third test was made in which the sending instrument was placed inside of one of the steel vaults, and both doors were closed, and the combination lock turned. The signals were then transmitted clearly from the inside of the vault to an adjoining room.

The inventor claims that his invention is different from that of Marconi in that it can be constructed to be carried on horseback and be ready for operation within a few moments after they have reached their destination. The sending instrument used to-day was intended only for short distances, however, was complete and ready for use at any distance.

NO SETTLEMENT

Of Nanticoke Strike—Shamokin Men May Come Out.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 27.—It is once more reported that there is prospect of a settlement of the miners strike in Nanticoke. The strikers, through a committee to-day requested the officials of the Susquehanna Coal Company to grant them another conference. The request was granted and Wednesday fixed as the date for the meeting.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Nov. 27.—Three thousand union mine workers employed at six local collieries of the Susquehanna Coal Company were disappointed to-night upon learning that the strike of the company's men at Nanticoke and Glen Lyon was not settled to-day. A prominent organization official of the lower anthracite district said he believed the Shamokin men would now join in the strike if ordered to do so by President Mitchell, of the national office of United Mine Workers. He served notice on the company last week that unless the Nanticoke strike was ended, if they cease work the collieries will be closed as there is now a scarcity of men.

Upholsterers' Demands Refused.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—The upholstery manufacturers of this city to-day refused the demand of their employees for an increase in the wage scale. There are about 1,100 upholstery men in the city, 800 of whom are members of the union. This body expects to take action on the manufacturers reply next Friday.

Knocked Out.

TOPEKA, Kans., Nov. 27.—Judge Hook, of the United States circuit court this afternoon handed down a lengthy opinion knocking out the court of the Nanticoke strike. This is the court and board provided by the last legislature to regulate railroads and telegraph companies. The court decided the law is in the nature of confiscation.

Cole Gets Five Years.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 27.—Montalao A. Cole, who was on Saturday found guilty of murdering William Montague, in this city on May 17, last, was brought into court to-day and sentenced by Chief Justice Lore to pay a fine of \$500 and the costs of prosecution and to be imprisoned five years.

DEFUNCT FRANKLIN SYNDICATE.

A Receiver Appointed for the Bank. Liabilities Exceed \$200,000 With Assets of \$9,000.

THE WHEREABOUTS OF MILLER

Still Unknown—Letters from Victims of the "Good Thing" Are Still Pouring In.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Hubert G. Taylor, a lawyer, was appointed temporary receiver for the defunct Franklin syndicate bank to-day by Justice Smith, of the supreme court. The application was made by William O. Ingalls. The liabilities exceed \$200,000, the assets being about \$9,000 cash in the hands of the police. Taylor was required to furnish a bond of \$15,000.

The hearing set down for this afternoon in the case of Louis H. Miller, brother of the missing man, did not take place, owing to the district attorney not being ready to proceed, and the matter was adjourned until Wednesday morning. Several witnesses who intend to testify in Miller's behalf were in court, including Miss Gorrie, the young woman in whose house the money which was found by the police, is alleged to have been secreted. Miller was released on bail of \$1,000.

John A. Daley, the assignee appointed for the bank by William F. Miller, before the latter left the city, called at police headquarters to-day and made a demand on Captain Reynolds for the \$8,520 taken from the Floyd street house. The captain referred him to Property Clerk Blatchford. The latter refused to turn the money over, telling Mr. Daley that he would keep it in his possession until ordered to turn it over to him by the courts. Mr. Daley in all probability will apply for a mandamus to-morrow morning to compel the property clerk to give him the money.

Lawyer Robert Ammon, of Nassau street, Manhattan, did not call on District Attorney Steele to-day to enlighten him as to the whereabouts of his former client, William F. Miller. Mr. Steele says he is positive that Ammon does not know where Miller is, and that he is as much in the dark regarding his hiding place as the police are.

The police officials have found no trace of the missing man. Letters poured in to-day from all parts of the country, written by persons who said they had been deceived by literature that had been sent broadcast by Miller and his employees. All wanted information as to the best way for them to recover their money. Some of the writers, in their letters, stated they had deposited from \$200 to \$500.

Other syndicates conducted along lines similar to the Franklin syndicate are being investigated by the police and by the district attorney of Kings county. All institutions conducted on the "blind pool" basis which promise unusual profits, are under surveillance.

Seen at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 27.—William F. Miller, the New York promoter of the Franklin syndicate, for whom hundreds of detectives all over the country are on the lookout, is reported to have passed through Kansas City last Sunday en route to Vera Cruz, Mexico. Paul J. Mass, a Chicago newspaper man, who is visiting friends in this city, is quoted as having seen and talked to Miller on an incoming Maple Leaf train. Miller apparently took the first train southwest. No further trace of him has been secured.

TELEPHONE-CABLE TRUST

Received a Severe Blow by Withdrawal of a Prominent Member. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—The Evening Bulletin to-day publishes the following:

The colossal plan to control all of the independent telephone companies in the United States and to combine therewith the great telegraph companies and the five Atlantic cable companies, for which purpose the Telephone, Telegraph and Cable Company of America was incorporated November 9, with a capital of \$20,000,000, received a severe blow to-day, the effect of which may be far-reaching. This was none other than the withdrawal from the scheme of William C. Whitney, Thomas F. Ryan, Anthony N. Brady, William L. Elkins, P. A. B. Wildener and Thomas Dolan, the men whose support made the success of the enterprise possible and whose opposition or indifference may be fatal to its existence.

Foreclosure of Suits.

LIMA, Ohio, Nov. 27.—The Woodland Avenue Savings Association, of Cleveland, has brought foreclosure suit against Benjamin C. Faurot for \$325,000 and interest from 1893. The amount is covered by mortgages in the electric light company, Faurot opera house and large real estate interests. J. W. G. Cowles, of Cleveland, was appointed receiver for rents and profits. Faurot was formerly one of the wealthiest men in this part of the state, but unfortunate business ventures dissipated his fortune.

Discharged From Custody.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—George Peifer, who was arrested by secret service operatives last week, charged with attempting to corruptly influence the jury which tried Ellery P. Ingram and Harvey K. Newitt, was to-day discharged from custody. United States District Attorney Beck appeared before Commissioner Edmunds and announced that he had not sufficient evidence to warrant Peifer's detention.

Supposed Suicide.

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov. 27.—The body of Job Gallahan, of near Freemont, Chester county, was found in the Octoraro creek yesterday. Gallahan is supposed to have committed suicide. He had financial and domestic troubles lately.

SPECULATIONS

On Probability of a Cuban Uprising, and Threats That Certain Generals Will "Take to the Woods"—Memorial Stone Unveiled at Havana to Commemorate the Killing of Cuban Students by the Spanish Volunteers in 1871.

HAVANA, Nov. 27, 8:40 p. m.—Nothing is known at headquarters in this division or in General Lee's, to justify the report, published in the United States and cabled back here, that a thousand armed Cuban insurgents have taken to the woods in the province of Pinar del Rio, and that a general uprising against the Americans has been planned for Thanksgiving day. Indeed, the story is absolutely discredited by the American authorities, who say it is impossible that anything of the kind should have happened or should be in prospect without the knowledge of it coming to some army post.

Rumors of a more or less alarmist character have for some time been plentiful around Havana. It is said, for instance, that this general or that is about to take to the woods, and it is apparently true that certain men are nursing programmes hostile to the American administration, but the spread of the campaign of education is doing a great deal to offset the influence of such people, and in any event no trouble whatever is likely to occur until after Congress meets.

It is a fact, however, that many Americans here believe that if nothing is done toward giving the Cubans some definite assurances, if not a precise date regarding the independence of the island, there is a real rising of some sort, although opinions differ widely with regard to what it will amount to. Some believe that the malcontents will be practically bandits, easily controlled by a few troops. Others hold that the rising would be formidable and would call for a large American force.

This morning there was a gathering of 2,000 people at the cemetery to commemorate the anniversary of the execution of eight Cuban students by Spanish volunteers in 1871. Many clubs were reported. Father De Val, who celebrated mass, spoke briefly, declaring that the execution was an act of murder. In the course of his remarks he said that he himself was "more a Cuban than a priest, and ever ready to sacrifice life for the independence of Cuba."

A procession was formed at the School of Medicine and moved to the Punta, where the memorial stone was unveiled.

Last evening 500 Catalonians ran through the streets of Vedado with standards, crying "Viva Cuba Libre," and "Viva Catalonia," and "Viva Maximo Gomez."

Many citizens joined in the cheering evoked by the cry for free Cuba. The flag over the Spanish consulate was at half mast in honor of the commemorative ceremonies, Senor Sagrario, saying that Spaniards, no less than Cubans, deplored the awful occurrence.

DISCUSSION

Of Foreign Policy in French Chamber of Deputies—Credit Adopted for an Embassy at the Vatican.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—In the chamber of deputies to-day the discussion of the foreign policy of the government was resumed. The minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, protested against the attacks of the opposition, which, he said, did not recall even before the risk of embroiling France in external difficulties. The statement called forth Leftist cheers and Nationalist protests. Denys Cochin, leader of the Clericals, expressed surprise at the importance attached to anglo-French newspaper polemics, which, he said, were only froth. He added that he was no partisan of the policy of fist-shaking, but he thought the war in South Africa gave the opportunity to seek certain settlements. Although he disapproved of fist-shaking, he equally disapproved of the policy of crossed arms. Nationalist cheers greeted this statement.

Denys Cochin concluded with urging a more active policy in China. M. Delcasse then moved the re-establishment of the credit for an embassy at the Vatican, as a matter of national interest to France, a great Catholic nation, adding that as long as the government interested itself in the relations of the French clergy with the Vatican, an embassy at the Vatican was absolutely necessary.

Replying, Denys Cochin said that while the Clericals would vote for the credit, it must not be construed as a vote of confidence in the government. The credit was adopted by 349 to 303 votes, and the house adjourned.

OBITUARY.

Charles Coghlan, Actor and Author. Remains Will be Taken to Prince Edward's Island.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 27.—A dispatch received from the Tribune at Galveston, Texas, confirms the death of Charles Coghlan, the eminent actor and author.

The dispatch adds: "The Royal Box Company played all through Texas with the under-study as star who impersonated the famous actor apparently to the satisfaction of the public."

"Coghlan was fifty-six years of age. At the time of his death he had nearly finished his dramatization of 'Vanity Fair' for his daughter. The remains will be taken to Prince Edward Island, his summer home. The manager of the company has been instructed by wire to cancel all future engagements."

Ministerial Crisis in Peru.

LIMA, Peru, via Galveston, Tex., Nov. 27.—Owing to the attitude of the chamber of deputies, it is possible that the ministry may resign. Some of the members of the ministry were desirous of retiring when the last remains of the revolution were defeated and dispersed, but the people would not agree to this. The situation, however, is not quite satisfactory.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Western Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer Tuesday; fresh southwesterly winds; Wednesday, fair. For Ohio—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer in northern portion Tuesday; fresh southwesterly winds. For West Virginia—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; variable winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature, yesterday, as observed by C. Scheff, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows: 7 a. m. .... 31 7 p. m. .... 42 9 a. m. .... 32 7 p. m. .... 43 12 m. .... 34 Weather fair.